Discipline:

Semester:

Subject:

class allotted:

Session:

DISTRICT.

LESSON PLAN

Civil Engg., UGMIT Rayagada

Structural Design-I (TH-1)

05 P/week

2024(5)

Week	Class Day	Theory Topics	D
1	1-5	1 Working stress method (WSM)	Remarks
		1.1 Objectives of design and detailing. State the different methods of design of concrete structures. 1.2 Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete and steel. Permissible stresses, assumption in W.S.M. 1.3 Flexural design and analysis of single reinforced sections from first principles. 1.4 Concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced sections 1.5. Advantages and disadvantages of WSM, reasons for its obsolescence.	
2	6-10	2 Philosophy Of Limit State Method (LSM) 2.1 Definition, Advantages of LSM over WSM, IS code suggestions regarding design philosophy. 2.2 Types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength, characteristic strength, characteristic load, design load, loading on structure as per I.S. 875 2.3 Study of I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in slab, cover to reinforcement in slab, beam column & footing, minimum reinforcement in slab, beam & column, lapping, anchorage, effective span for beam & slab. 3 Analysis and Design of Single and Double Reinforced Sections (LSM) 3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions, Stress-Strain relationship for concrete and steel,	
3	11-15	neutral axis, stress block diagram and strain diagram for singly reinforced section. 3.2 Concept of under- reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section, neutral axis co-efficient, limiting value of moment of resistance and limiting percentage of steel required for limiting singly R.C. section	
4	16-20	3.3 Analysis and design: determination of design constants, moment of resistance and area of steel for rectangular sections	
5	21-25	3.4 Necessity of doubly reinforced section, design of doubly reinforced rectangular section 4 Shear, Bond and Development Length (LSM) 4.1 Nominal shear stress in R.C. section, design shear strength of concrete, maximum shear stress, design of shear reinforcement, minimum shear reinforcement, forms of shear reinforcement. 4.2 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress, development length in tension and compression,	

6	26-30	anchorage value for hooks 900 bend and 450 bend standards lapping	
		of bars, check for development length.	
	1	4.3 Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement is	×
	1	required or not, check for adequacy of the section in shear. Design	
		of shear reinforcement; Minimum shear reinforcement in beams	******
		(Explain through examples only).	
	1	5 Analysis and Design of T-Beam (LSM)	
	1	5.1 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as	
-		per IS: 456-2000 code provisions.	
7	31-35	5.2 Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress	
		diagram, depth of neutral axis, moment of resistance of T-beam	
0	36.40	section with neutral axis lying within the flange.	
8	36-40	5.3 Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width.	
		(Problems only on finding moment of resistance of T-beam section	
		when N.A. lies within the flange shall be asked in written	
9	41-45	examination)	
9	41-45	(Problems only on finding moment of resistance of T-beam section	
	1	when N.A. lies upto the flange shall be asked in written	
		examination)	
	1	6 Analysis and Design of Slab and Stair case (LSM)	
		6.1 Design of simply supported one-way slabs for flexure	
10	16.50	check for deflection control and shear.	
10	46-50	6.2 Design of one-way cantilever slabs and cantilevers chajjas for	
		flexure check for deflection control and check for development	
		length and shear.	
11	51-55	6.3 Design of two-way simply supported slabs for flexure with	
		corner free to lift.	
		6.4 Design of dog-legged staircase	
12	56-60	6.5 Detailing of reinforcement in stairs spanning longitudinally	
	1	7 Design of Axially loaded columns and Footings (I SM)	
		7.1 Assumptions in limit state of collapse- compression	
		7.2 Definition and classification of columns, effective length	
		of column. Specification for minimum reinforcement: cover	
13	61-65	maximum reinforcement, number of bars in rectangular, square and	
		circular sections, diameter and spacing of lateral ties	
14	66-70	7.3 Analysis and design of axially loaded short square, rectangular	
	1	and circular columns (with lateral ties only).	
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15	71-75	7.4 Types of footing, Design of isolated square column footing of	
		uniform thickness for flexure and shear.	

Signature of Faculty:

Signature of HOD: